



1st District Democrats

Legislative Alert for April 23, 2023

The 2023 Legislative Session began on Monday, January 9, 2023, and is scheduled to end today on Sunday, April 23, 2023.

This week's alert is a wrap-up of the bills that are alive on Sunday, April 23, and gives a status as to whether or not the bills have passed the legislature and whether Governor Inslee has signed them into law as of today.

Budget/Revenue

Budget Proposals:

The state's revenue forecast was released on Monday morning, March 20. "Washington's projected Near General Fund revenue collections for the 2023–25 state budget have decreased by about \$483 million, according to estimates released today by the Washington State Economic and Revenue Forecast Council. The projection represents about a 0.7% drop from the number forecast last November. Total Near General Fund revenues are now projected at \$65.7 billion for the next two-year state budget cycle, which begins July 1."¹ On Saturday, April 22, Democratic lawmakers unveiled their compromise budget for the 2023-2025 fiscal years.

As noted by the Budget and Policy Center's Schmudget Blog, "Total state personal income is now expected to grow at an annual rate of 4.4% through June 2024 – down from the 5% growth rate predicted in November 2022. Further out, forecasters also project lower total personal income compared to the previous forecast. The slowing economy means \$245 million less in state sales tax collections during the 2023-2025 budget cycle, as consumers will have fewer resources to spend on taxable goods and services. Slower growth in the economy also means business activity will curtail, resulting in \$49 million fewer Business and Occupation (B&O) tax receipts than previously anticipated. Sharp reductions in home sales and construction activity are expected to diminish Real Estate Excise Tax (REET) collections by \$263 million in the coming budget cycle."

Nearly 30% of our state's children live in households with low incomes or face burdensome housing costs with children of color more likely than white children to be part of a family that struggles financially. So, what does this mean for the budget and what can you do to assure that our state's legislature takes action to assure that we raise the funds necessary to help our communities through the future and deal with our state's historic racist economic and discriminatory policies?² Your Senators and Representatives need to hear from you that we need to equitably raise funds for the improvement and betterment of our communities by enacting a wealth tax on high-income earners (**HB 1473 and SB 5486** – see below), and modifying the Estate Tax so that it is more progressive (**HB 1795** – see below). This along with the Capital Gains Tax (which the WA State Supreme Court upheld on Friday, March 24) will help address our state's historic regressive tax system which puts the burden of the state's cost on the least able to afford it and bring in necessary funds to address the needs of our state residents.

¹ <https://ofm.wa.gov/about/news/2023/03/state-revenue-projection-2023-25-forecast-decreased-483-million>

² <https://budgetandpolicy.org/schmudget/equitable-new-revenue-is-the-only-path-to-a-just-state-budget/>

Operating Budget

HB 1140 - Making 2023-2025 fiscal biennium operating appropriations.

SB 5187 – Making 2023-2025 fiscal biennium operating appropriations.

HB 1140 and SB 5187 are the starting bills for the 2023-2025 operating budget. Governor Inslee proposed this budget as presented in these bills just before the beginning of this year’s legislative session. His proposal was a good starting place for meeting our state’s needs. But our legislators need to hear from us now and during their budget negotiations. The details in these bills are changing.

Before making their budget proposals, both chambers were waiting for the revenue forecast, which was released on Monday, March 20. As noted above the state is expected to a \$483 million revenue decrease over the next two years. And in order to deal with the shortfall from our state’s regressive tax system we need additional revenue and a budget that reflects the needs of our state’s residents. These estimates though do not reflect the lived experiences of many of our state’s residents thus making it difficult for our poorest individuals and families to survive especially BIPOC and other disenfranchised groups.

Both the House and Senate Budgets address some of our state’s labor market issues that have resulted from the societal changes due to the Covid pandemic. Many of our healthcare and community service agencies have faced worker shortages including state workers, home-care providers, employees of assisted living programs, adult-family homes and care facilities, and mental health facilities. Many of the workers in these facilities are women of color who have been hardest hit by the increased costs of living.

“The proposed House budget would spend nearly \$70 billion over the next two years, an increase from the \$59 billion budget plan approved two years ago. Among other things, it would expand the number of K-12 schools providing free breakfast and put \$172 million toward boosting special education in K-12 schools.

The House budget also makes room to make debt payments in the event the Legislature approves – and voters in November ratify – a \$4 billion bond proposal put forward by Gov. Jay Inslee to fund affordable-housing construction.”³ Both budgets increase funding for childcare programs.

Both budgets addressed many but not all of the needs of our state’s residents especially those with low-income and marginalized communities. The House addressed these issues better and many of these issues were covered in the budget compromise. In comparison to the Senate budget, did the following:

- Funds healthcare coverage equivalent to Medicaid for uninsured adults regardless of immigration status. *The compromise funds \$35 million from the state fiscal recovery fund-federal appropriation for grants for the provision of health care services to uninsured and underinsured (under 200% of the federal poverty level), regardless of immigration status.,*
- Increases the TANF (Temporary Assistance to Needy Families) grant amount. The compromise budget increases TANF by 8 percent effective January 1, 2024.
- Increases asset limits for TANF. *The compromise budget increases the amount earnings that families may keep per month by \$500 per month, and expands the list of assets exempt from consideration of an asset owned or available for cash assistance as outlined in 2SHB 1447.*
- Better funds the Aged, Blind, or Disabled (ABD), Cash Assistance Program, and Working Families Tax Credit (WFTC). The compromise budget also increases these grant programs by 8 percent effective January 1, 2024.
- Funds a guaranteed basic income program in Tacoma. *The compromise budget funds \$950 thousand to continue the operation of the guaranteed basic income program in Tacoma.*
- The House budget fully funds abortion access in WA State. The Senate proposal does not have sufficient funds to deal with all of the increased costs associated with persons seeking abortion and other reproductive health care coming into our state. *The compromise budget funds:*
 - *\$7,657,000 for the fiscal year 2024 and \$7,853,000 for the fiscal year 2025 for programs and grants to maintain access to abortion care.*
 - *\$804,000 is provided for the implementation of SB 5768 – protecting access to abortion medications.*

³ <https://crosscut.com/politics/2023/03/was-70b-budget-proposals-boost-state-worker-raises-special-ed>

- \$6 million for grants to providers participating in the state's sexual and reproductive health program and who are experiencing an increase in clients in resulting from the 2022 Supreme Court decision overturning *Roe v Wade*, to maintain the availability of for low-income people & abortion care training.^{4 5}

STATUS: On Saturday, April 22, the House and Senate came to a budget compromise for \$133,579,829 for the 2023-2025 budget.

ACTION: Thank your senators and representatives for agreeing to a compromise budget [SB 5187](#) that better addresses the needs of our state's residents. Ask them to vote YES on the compromise.

But in order to be able to better serve our state's residents, especially those that are marginalized and disenfranchised in our state we also need you to deliver a message to your representatives and senators that WA State needs a new progressive revenue stream and urge them to consider passing such legislation in the 2024 legislative session. Comprehensive tax reform is also needed to ease the disproportionately high tax burden on our poorest communities. full funding of abortion and reproductive access.

Wealth Tax

HB 1473 and SB 5486 - Investing in Washington families and creating a more fair tax system by enacting a narrowly tailored property tax on extreme wealth derived from the ownership of stocks, bonds, and other financial intangible property.

SUPPORT

HB 1473 and SB 5486 would create a narrowly tailored property tax on extreme wealth. The property involved would include non-tangible wealth derived from ownership of stocks, bonds and other financial assets with the proceeds dedicated to education, housing, disability services and tax credits for working families. The first \$250 million dollars of assessed value is exempt, thus only the wealthiest people in WA State would pay this tax.

STATUS: HB 1473 is currently in the House Finance Committee. On February 14 a public hearing was held with 2200 constituents signing in to support the bill and more testifiers than the committee made time to hear. It is eligible for an executive session.

SB 5486 is in the Senate Ways and Means Committee where it had a public hearing on March 9 with over 2500 Washingtonians, representing over 128 organizations statewide, signed in support of the legislation. It is eligible for an executive session.

Both of these versions of the bill raise revenue, and are not subject to fiscal cut off and as such remain technically alive. But with the end of the session scheduled for the end today, for all intents and purposes, it is DEAD for the 2023 legislative session.

ACTION: Contact your representatives and Senators to let them know that you support [HB 1473](#) and [SB 5486](#). Ask that they pass a wealth tax in the 2024 legislative session.

Estate Tax

HB 1795 - Making the estate tax more progressive.

SUPPORT

HB 1795 makes changes to the Washington State estate tax, including increasing the exclusion amount, changing deductions, and making changes to the rates and rate structure. The exclusion amount is increased to \$2.659 million and language providing for an annual adjustment is updated to reflect the CPI for the Seattle Metropolitan area. It also directs any increased estate tax revenues into the newly created Progressive Policy Account. Funds from this account may only be used to address intergenerational poverty, beginning with the implementation of recommendations from the legislative-executive WorkFirst Poverty Reduction Oversight Task Force and the Homeownership Disparities Work Group.

STATUS: HB 1795 is currently in the House Finance Committee where it is eligible for an executive hearing. Since the bill would raise revenue, it could have been considered "Necessary to implement the budget" (NTIB) but with the end of the session scheduled for the end today, for all intents and purposes, it is DEAD for the 2023 legislative session.

⁴ <https://povertyaction.org/advocacy-actions/tell-your-senator-follow-the-lead-of-the-house-proposed-budget-fund-basic-needs-programs/>

⁵ [SB 5187: Operating Budget Compromise](#)

ACTION: Contact your representatives and Senators to let them know that you support [HB 1795](#) to make WA State’s estate tax more progressive and ask that they consider and pass it in the 2024 legislative session.

National Infrastructure Bank

SJM 8001 – Concerning a national infrastructure bank.

SUPPORT

SJM 8001 is a resolution that requests the US Congress pass and the President of the United States sign the National Infrastructure Bank Act (NIB) or similar legislation. The National Infrastructure Bank would facilitate the long-term financing of infrastructure projects. Specifically, the bank must provide loans to public and private entities for financing, developing, or operating eligible infrastructure projects. An eligible project must have a public sponsor as well as local, regional, or national significance. The bill treats the bank as a government corporation exempt from tax, and treats contributions to the bank as charitable contributions.

Projects that receive a loan must pay all laborers and mechanics locally prevailing wages, and use only certain United States-produced construction materials unless a waiver is secured from the bank. The bank shall issue stock and may also issue bonds and maintain a discount line of credit with the Federal Reserve System.

Much of our country’s and state’s infrastructure has fallen into disrepair. Many communities lack housing, workable transportation networks, and clean, safe, and sustainable water, and food production networks. For example, in the area of transportation, many low-income women and their families struggle to find reliable transportation which can affect their health – resulting in missed appointments and poor illness management, even if care is readily available, as well as access to resources for healthy food. This new infrastructure bank would also create tens of millions of high-paying jobs, train our youth with skills they could use for a lifetime, and lift many of our disadvantaged persons out of poverty and despair. Additional jobs mean more tax revenue for our cities, counties, and state, and would improve the lives of those in our communities. A National Infrastructure Bank is a win-win for our state and local communities – providing reduced-cost financial instruments for our local and state government infrastructure projects and a better quality of life for all of WA State’s residents including women and children.

STATUS: SJM 8001 has passed both chambers and has been filed with the Secretary of State and will be sent to Congress and the US President.

ACTION: Celebrate and thank your representatives and senators for passing [SJM 8001](#).

Economic Equity and Support for Low Income Individuals and Families

Financial Assistance for Lo-Income Citizens

2SHB 1447 - Strengthening the ability of assistance programs to meet foundational needs of children, adults, and families.

SUPPORT

2SHB 1447 changes makes the TANF (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families) program available to more citizens by easing program eligibility requirements.

The first substitute removes a 60-month time limit for families with children.

The second substitute deals with how earnings are calculated, making more citizens eligible for assistance.

Status: 2SHB 1447 has passed both chambers of the legislature and is on the way to the Governor’s desk for Signature.

Action: Contact your legislatures to thank them for passing this bill. Contact Governor Inslee to tell him you support [2SHB 1447](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

SHB 1784 - Concerning hunger relief.

SUPPORT

SHB 1784 appropriates a total of \$28 million to the State General Fund in fiscal year 2023 to support food assistance programs operated by the departments of Agriculture, Social and Health Services, and Health.

The first substitute clarifies language to indicate that funding provided to DSHS-ALTSA for the AAAs may be used for nutrition services generally and is not limited exclusively to meals.

Status: Signed by the Governor on April 13 and is now law, effective 4/13/2023.

2SHB 1477 - Making changes to the working families' tax credit.

SUPPORT

2SHB 1477 changes existing law to make more Washington state citizens eligible for the Working Families' Tax Credit by allowing individuals filing as "married filing separately" to qualify for the Working Families' Tax Credit, and permitting individuals to apply for any Working Families' Tax Credit payments for which they were eligible but did not claim for up to three years.

The first substitute bill makes technical corrections and clarifications. It removes portions of the DOR report requirement and applies the existing WFTC tax preference performance statement to the bill. It also clarifies that the changes made in the bill are not subject to the automatic 10-year expiration for tax preferences.

The second substitute, recommended by the House Appropriations Committee, makes the bill null and void unless funded in the budget.

Status: Has been passed by both legislative chambers and has been delivered to the Governor for his signature.

Action: Contact your legislatures to thank them for passing this bill. Contact Governor Inslee to tell him you support [SHB 1477](#) and him to sign it into law.

Washington State Housing Crisis

HB 1046 - Expanding housing supply by supporting the ability of public housing authorities to finance affordable housing developments by rebenchmarking area median income limits.

SUPPORT

HB 1046 increases the area median income limits on a low-income housing development financed by a public housing authority as follows:

- For a development owned by a for-profit entity, the area median income limit is increased from 50 percent to 80 percent.
- For a development owned directly or through a partnership by a governmental entity or a nonprofit organization, the area median income limit is increased from 60 percent to 80 percent.

Status: Signed into law by the Governor on April 20 with an effective date of 7/23/2023.

SSB 5256 - Making permanent and expanding the child welfare housing assistance program.

SUPPORT

SSB 5256 makes permanent and expands the Child Welfare Assistance pilot program established in 2020. This program provides housing vouchers, rental assistance, navigation, and other support services to families whose primary barrier to reunification is the lack of appropriate housing. The child welfare housing assistance (pilot) program is intended to reduce the need for foster care placement and to shorten the time that children remain in out-of-home care when placement is necessary.

The first and second substitutes to HB 1186 make changes reporting requirements to mandate demographic information.

The first substitute to SSB 5256 is essentially identical to the first and second substitutes to HB 1186

Status: Has been delivered to the Governor for his signature.

Action: Contact your legislators to thank them for passing this bill. Contact Governor Inslee to tell him you support [SSB 5256](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

ESHB 1260 - Accelerating stability for people with a work-limiting disability or incapacity.

SUPPORT

ESHB 1260 amends existing legislation that provides essential needs and housing support services to:

- Eliminate the requirement for Aged, Blind, or Disabled (ABD) program recipients to repay the state for benefits received while waiting to be approved for federal Supplemental Security Income benefits or during the same period as such federal benefits were received.

- Make participation in vocational rehabilitation services for persons receiving ABD or Pregnant Women Assistance (PWA) benefits voluntary, rather than required when assessed as beneficial.
- Place income eligibility standards for the Essential Needs and Housing (HEN) program within rule, rather than statute, and modifies eligibility criteria for the ABD and PWA programs to require that a person is ineligible for specific programs, rather than most federal assistance programs in general.
- Provide that the list of good cause reasons for failing to participate in substance use disorder treatment as a condition of eligibility for ABD, PWA, or HEN program benefits is a nonexhaustive list.

First Substitute to HB 1260 makes the bill null and void if specific funding is not provided by June 30, 2023, in the omnibus appropriations act.

Status: SHB 1260 has been delivered to the Governor for signature.

Action: Contact your legislators to thank them for passing this bill. Contact Governor Inslee to tell him you support [ESHB 1260](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

SHB 1326 - Waiving municipal utility connection charges for certain properties.

SUPPORT

SHB 1326 Authorizes municipal utilities to establish a program to waive connection charges for properties used by entities as an emergency shelter, transitional housing, permanent supportive housing, or affordable housing. If a property that received a waiver is no longer being used by such an entity, any waived connection charges become immediately due and payable as a condition of continued service.

The first substitute bill: allows waiver for property “owned or developed by or on the path of “ the listed entities, rather than for properties “used” by the listed entities; removes “any other legal entity” language; makes limited partnerships and LLCs qualified for the waiver; requires that waived connection funds be funded by .general funds, grant dollars or another recognized revenue stream; removes language that requires that requires that entities must be funded in whole or in part from the state or local government housing in order to be qualified as an emergency shelter.

Status: SHB 1326 has been delivered to the Governor’s desk for signature.

Action: Contact your legislators to thank them for passing SHB 1326. Contact Governor Inslee to tell him you support [SHB 1326](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

E2SSB 5045 - Incentivizing rental of accessory dwelling units to low-income households.

SUPPORT

E2SSB 5045 allows Washington state counties to exempt ADUs from property tax if the ADU is maintained as a rental property for low-income persons.

The first substitute bill changes taxing policies for counties with populations exceeding 1,500,000, and requires an analysis of the effectiveness of the program.

First floor amendment from House allows persons aged sixty or older to occupy the accessory dwelling unit, even if they are an immediate family member of the taxpayer.

Second floor amendment from House requires a county that provides property tax exemptions for accessory dwelling units rented to low-income households to establish policies to assist and support tenants upon expiration of an exemption.

Senate concurs with amendments.

Status: E2SSB 5045 been delivered to the Governor’s office for signature.

Action: Contact your legislators to thank them for passing this bill. Contact Governor Inslee to tell him you support [E2SSB 5045](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

SB 5553 - Authorizing standards for temporary emergency shelters for local adoption.

SUPPORT

SB 5553 adds standards for temporary emergency shelters for local adoption to existing law that exempts buildings from state building code requirements in order to provide housing for indigent persons.

Status: Has been signed by Governor Inslee and is now law, effective 7/23/2023

E2SHB 1110 - Increasing middle housing in areas traditionally dedicated to single-family detached housing.

SUPPORT

E2SHB 1110 requires certain cities under the Growth Management Act to authorize minimum development densities in residential zones and include specific provisions related to middle housing in their development regulations:

City size	Must allow # of units per lot	Other requirements
Least 25,000 but less than 75,000	At least two units per lot	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> At least 4 units per lot within .5 miles walking distance from a major transit stop; and At least 4 units per lot if at least one unit is affordable housing
Population of at least 75,000	At least 4 units per lot	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> At least 6 units per lot within .25 miles walking distance of a major transit stop; and At least 6 units per lot if at least 2 units are affordable housing.

It also requires the Department of Commerce to provide technical assistance to cities in implementing the requirement, to develop middle housing ordinances, and to establish a process for cities to seek approval of alternative local actions.

Status: E2SHB 1110 was signed into law by the Governor on April 6, and takes effect 7/23/2023.

ESSB 5702 - Expanding the students experiencing homelessness and foster youth pilot program.

SUPPORT

ESSB 5702 makes the students experiencing homelessness and foster youth program permanent; and adds the tribal college as eligible to participate in the program.

The first substitute eliminates the expiration date for the pilot program.

Appropriations Committee amendment removes the establishment of a grant program for community and technical colleges to offer housing vouchers to students and removes a tribal college from institutions that may implement a student’s experiencing homelessness and foster youth program.

Status: Has been delivered to the Governor for signature.

Action: Contact your legislators to thank them. Contact Governor Inslee to tell him you support [ESSB 5702](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

Consumer Rights and Economic Justice

ESSB 5173 - Personal Property Exemptions – “the Fair Shot Act”

SUPPORT

ESSB 5173 increases the personal property exemptions to help keep families out of poverty and to modernize antiquated marriage property laws that did not provide women with their own property exemptions. In a bankruptcy case, a debtor can protect equity in their personal property up to a certain limit to prevent a bankruptcy trustee from seizing and selling property for the benefit of creditors. This bill increases exemptions on a car inside and outside bankruptcy from \$3,250 to \$15,000, and increases “tools of the trade” from \$5000 to \$15,000 to help small business owners

stay in business in the face of financial tragedy. Additionally, there are bankruptcy specific exemptions that increase the personal property “wild card” exemption to \$10,000.00 and the personal injury exemption to an unlimited amount if they file bankruptcy. The personal property exemptions, inside and outside of bankruptcy are also doubled (or stacked) for married spouses.

The 1st Substitute amends the bill as follows:

- Increases the value limit for certain exemptions of personal property from execution, attachment, and garnishment.
- Clarifies that in the case of married persons, each spouse is entitled to the exemptions of personal property from execution, attachment, and garnishment.
- Requires that each dollar amount be adjusted every three years, beginning April 1, 2026, by the Department of Revenue to reflect changes in the consumer price index for all urban consumers, all items, for the Seattle area, as calculated by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- Exempts worker's compensation payments from execution, attachment, or garnishment.

The Engrossed Substitute House Bill further amended the bill as follows:

- Modified the garnishment notice to include instructions to request doubling of the exemption for married individuals and a signature of a spouse to claim the marital doubling of the exemption.
- Requires affirmative proof of marriage via a certificate or other equivalent document and a declaration of marriage.
- Adds an evidentiary procedural framework to request declaratory judgment if a creditor believes the debtor is not married or that their spouse has not consented to the marital doubling. Should bad faith be found, the court could award reasonable attorney’s fees to the creditors.

The amendments adopted in the House Civil Rights and Judiciary Committee are onerous, prejudicial to immigrants and potentially dangerous to those who are domestic violence victims. The amendments to shift the burden to the debtor for “proof of marriage,” with a separate evidentiary procedure is a dangerous addition to Washington state consumer protection laws. It creates a presumption that debtors are lying and not honest persons who have fallen on hard times and have not purposely tried to default their creditors. The entire tone of the amendments is antithetical to all consumer protection statutes and must be stripped out of the bill when it reaches the House voted Floor amendments as follows:

- Amendments adopted by the House Civil Rights and Justice Committee requiring affirmative proof of marriage via a certificate or other equivalent document and a separate declaration of marriage and evidentiary procedure for declaratory judgment and attorney’s fees was voted out of the bill.
- There was also one vote asking for “costs and reasonable attorneys’ fees” but the provision it was amending was stripped out in a prior amendment, so this seems to be a vote done in error.
- The House voted for an amendment to strip out the escalator clause in the bill that would have automatically increased the exemption amounts every three years.

STATUS: ESSB 5173 was voted on in the Senate and passed 29-19-1 and was voted in the House and passed with amendments 65-32-0. The Senate concurred with House amendments, and it will now be sent to the Governor for signature.

Action: Thank you legislators for their persistent work on this bill. Contact Senator Inslee to and ask him to [sign ESSB 5173](#) into law.

ESHB 1051 - The Robocall Scam Protection Act SUPPORT

ESHB 1051 reduces the vast number of illegal robocalls received by Washingtonians through a modernization of the Washington anti-robocalling statute, RCW 80.36 et al. Changes to the statute aim to update the definition of automatic dialing to prohibit the initiation of an unsolicited robocall to a Washington resident who has placed their name on the federal Do Not Call Registry or to knowingly facilitate illegal robocalls. It will also combat fraudulent and misleading caller identification. A commercial solicitation violation is considered a per se violation of the Consumer Protection Act (CPA), and a person injured by such violations may receive remedies under the CPA. In addition, the person may bring civil action to enjoin further violations and recover actual damages or \$1,000 per violation, whichever is greater.

Status: ESHB 1051 was voted on in the Senate and passed 96-0-0. The bill also passed out of the Senate Committee on Business, Financial Services, Gaming & Trade without and in the House passed with a vote of 48-0-0.

Action: The Senate has concurred with House amendments and the bill will now be sent to the Governor for signature. Contact your legislators to thank them its passage, and contact Governor Inslee to ask him to [sign ESHB 1051](#) into law.

HB 1349 – Concerning Foreclosure Protections

SUPPORT

HB 1349 modifies various provisions related to nonjudicial foreclosures of deeds of trust, including changing the timeline for referral to pre-foreclosure mediation and modifying the exemptions from mediation and reporting and remittance requirements for certain federally insured depository institutions. This bill would require trustee to delay a foreclosure sale for at least 30 days upon receipt of written notice from the Homeowner Assistance Fund Program ([WashingtonHAF](#)) that an application for federal relief funds that provides a federal grant of up to \$60,000 to pay arrears on a mortgage, homeowners' dues and other qualified expenses has been submitted. Other provisions of this bill clarify that the Foreclosure Fairness Program [WashingtonFFA](#) for mediation to allow borrowers in default on their mortgages to access loss mitigation programs is accessible to a successor in interest to a deceased borrower, or a person who has been awarded title to the property. Lastly, the bill fixes a loophole that requires the foreclosure trustee to treat homes purchased at foreclosure by third party bidders the discretion to undo the sale within eleven days as their discretion. Other amendments are expected in the senate housing committee's executive session to clarify what documentation is needed to prove successors in interest status, to clarify the definition of a "grantor" and to restore consumer protections to the unclaimed property act for surplus funds left over after a foreclosure pays off a secured lender.

Status: HB 1349 was voted on in the House and passed 97-0-0. The bill then passed out of the Senate Committee on Housing where it passed with an agreed amendments and in the House passed with a vote of 46-0-1.

Action: The Senate and House have reconciled their versions of the bill and it now goes to the Governor for signature. Contact your legislators to thank them for passing this bill, and contact the Governor to ask him to [sign HB 1349](#) into law.

ESHB 1311 - Addressing credit repair services performed by a credit services organization.

SUPPORT

ESHB 1311 Removes the exemption for certain types of law practices from being defined as credit services organizations and it adds prohibited acts to the Credit Services Organization Act. Specifies conditions in which a consumer reporting agency, creditor, or collection agency do not need to communicate with a credit services organization. Requires credit services organizations to redact certain personal information of a consumer when sending written communication. Requires credit services organizations to receive explicit written approval from the consumer before using a consumer's signature for credit repair services. Requires credit services organizations to provide consumers with a notice about their ability to file complaints with the attorney general and their rights.

Status: ESHB 1311 was voted on in the House and passed 91-5-1. It also received a vote in the Senate that passed 46-0-0 and has been sent to the Governor for signature.

Action: Contact Governor Inslee to let him know you support ESHB 1311 and ask that he [sign it](#) into law..

Violence Against Women

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Support for victims of crime

SHB 1028 - Supporting crime victims and witnesses by promoting victim-centered, trauma-informed responses in the legal system.

Support

SHB 1028 provides greater support, tracking for crime victims and witnesses by specifying greater training, data keeping, sharing of rape kit information and deadlines among legal entities (especially prosecutors).

Specifies in the intent section that all sexual assault survivors deserve to be treated with respect and dignity, including through trauma-informed, food faith investigation of every report of sexual assault.

Status: The legislature passed SHB 1028, and it was delivered to the governor for signature April 18.

Action: Thank your legislators for supporting [SHB 1028](#) and request that the Governor [sign](#) it.

SSB 5081 - Concerning victim notification.

Support

SB 5081 amends current law on violent offense notification of victims, witnesses and those requesting this service that any records and information of their request are exempt from public inspections and copying. The substitute bill includes five additional crimes added to the list of offenses for which DOC must provide a statement of the rights of victims and witnesses to request and receive notification: domestic violence offenses, assault in the third degree, unlawful imprisonment, vehicular homicide by disregard for the safety of others, and controlled substance homicide.

Status: The legislature passed SSB 5081, and it was delivered to the Governor on April 20 for signature.

Action: Thank your Representatives for supporting [SB 5081](#) and ask the governor to [sign](#) it.

SB 5070 - Concerning victims of nonfatal strangulation.

Support

SB 5070 amends current law on nonfatal strangulation to provide an effective date and to indicate an emergency status.

Status: The legislature passed SB 5070 and the Governor signed it on April 20.

Action: Thank your Representatives for supporting [SB 5070](#).

SB 5114 Supporting adults with lived experience of sex trafficking.

Support

SB 5114 create a program for healing, support, and transition services for any person age 18 or older who has been forced or coerced to perform a commercial sex act, or a person who was induced to perform a commercial sex act when they were less than 18 years of age. Amendment states that an individual is not required to initially identify themselves as an adult with lived experience in order to access the services that are created under the bill.

Status: The legislature passed SB 5114 and it was delivered to the Governor April 18 for signature.

Action: Thank your legislators for supporting [SB 5114](#) and urge the governor to [sign](#) it.

Hazing

HB 1002 - Increasing the Penalty for Hazing

Support

HB1002 increases the penalty for hazing which results in bodily harm to a felony rather than a misdemeanor.

Status: The legislature passed HB 1002 and it was delivered to Governor on April 18th for signature.

Action: Thank your Senator and Representatives for supporting [HB 1002](#) and ask the governor to [sign](#) it.

Protecting Women from Sex Crimes

SSB 5453 Concerning female genital mutilation.

Support

SSB 5453 Creates the crime of female genital mutilation. It makes it unprofessional conduct for a health care professional to perform female genital mutilation on a minor and requires the Department of Health to establish an education program to prevent female genital mutilation. It includes female genital mutilation in the definition of “abuse or neglect” that must be reported by a mandatory reporter. It establishes a civil course of action for minor victims of female genital mutilation and sets a time limit of ten years from injury for filing.

Status: SSB 5453 was passed by the legislature and signed into law by the governor on April 20.

Action: Thank your Representatives and Senators for supporting [SSB 5453](#).

SSB 5033 Reclassifying the sentence for the crime of custodial sexual misconduct.

Support, the “Kimberly Vinder’s Law”

SSB 5033 reclassifies the sentence for custodial sexual misconduct to Class B and Class C felonies, stronger than misdemeanors. The amendment changes the title of the act to, “The Kimberly Vinder’s Law.”

Status: The legislature passed SSB 5033, and the Governor signed it into law on March 30, effective July 23 this year.

Action: Thank your legislators for passing [SB 5033](#).

SHB 1165 Concerning civil remedies for unauthorized disclosure of intimate images.

Support

SHB 1165 repeals the current statute imposing civil liability for wrongful disclosure of intimate images and replaces it with the Uniform Civil Remedies for the Unauthorized Disclosure of Intimate Images Act.

The substitute bill specifies that a person is not liable for good-faith disclosures made in law enforcement activities, instead of good-faith disclosures made in law enforcement.

Status: The legislature passed SHB 1165, and the Governor signed it into law on April 13.

Action: Contact your Senators and thank them for their support for [SHB 1165](#).

Sex Trafficking and Education

ESSB 5355 Mandating instruction on sex trafficking prevention and identification for students grades seven through 12.

Support

ESSB 5355 requires school districts to provide instruction on sex trafficking prevention and identification at least once to students between grades 7 and 12 beginning by the 2025-26 school year, establishes a child sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention and identification public-private partnership account and specifies that expenditures from the account may be used only for curriculum and professional development to support instruction on child sexual abuse and sex trafficking prevention and identification.

Status: The legislature passed ESSB 5355, and it was delivered to Governor for signature on April 20th.

Action: Thank your Representatives for supporting [ESSB 5355](#) and ask the governor to [sign](#) it.

Support for victims of crime, including violence.

ESHB 1533 Exempting the disclosure of certain information of agency employees or their dependents who are survivors of domestic violence, sexual assault, harassment or stalking.

Support

ESHB 1533 exempts personally identifying of state agency and K to 12 public school employees from public disclosure requirements if the employee provides a sworn statement, subject to renewal every two years, that the employee or a dependent is a survivor of domestic violence, sexual assault or abuse, stalking, or harassment, or demonstrates that the employer or dependent participates in the Address Confidentiality Program.

Status: The legislature passed ESHB 1533, and it has been delivered to the Governor for signature.

Action: Thank your senators for supporting [ESHB 1533](#) and ask for the Governor to [sign](#) it.

Concerning the Issuance of Emergency Domestic Violence No Contact Orders

ESSB 5231 Concerning the issuance of emergency domestic violence no contact orders.

Support

ESSB 5231 Clarifies the court’s authority in issuing pretrial no-contact orders and establishes the process for issuance of an emergency domestic violence co-contact order.

Status: The legislature passed ESSB 5231 and delivered it to the Governor to sign April 20th.

Action: Thank your legislators for supporting [ESSB 5231](#) and ask the Governor to [sign](#) it.

Addressing Gun Violence

E2SHB 1143 Concerning Requirements for the purchase or transfer of firearms.

Support

E2SHB 1143:

- Provides that a dealer may not transfer any firearm to a purchaser or transferee until completion of a background check indicating the person is eligible to possess firearms; and 10 business days have elapsed since the dealer requested the background check.
- Prohibits a dealer from transferring a firearm to a purchaser or transferee unless the person provides the dealer with the proof of completion of a recognized firearms safety training program.
- Requires a firearms transfer application and recordkeeping requirements for all firearms transfer.
- Updates firearm transfer and background check processes, including updates to conform to the implementation of a state firearms background check program.

Status: The legislature passed E2SHB 1143 and sent it to the Governor to sign on April 19th.

Action: Thank your legislators for supporting [E2SHB 1143](#) and ask the Governor to [sign](#) it.

SHB 1240 Establishing firearms-related safety measures to increase public safety.

Support

SHB 1240 Prohibits the manufacture, importation, distribution, sale, or offer for sale of any assault weapon, subject to the various exceptions for licensed firearm manufacturers and dealers, and for individuals who inherit an assault weapon.

The term “assault weapon” is defined to include various kinds of firearms, including:

- Semiautomatic rifles with an overall length of less than 30 inches;
- Semiautomatic centerfire rifles that have the capacity to accept a detachable magazine and have one or more additional features listed in the bill;
- Semiautomatic centerfire rifles with a fixed magazine with the capacity to accept more than 10 rounds;
- Semiautomatic pistols that have the capacity to accept a detachable magazine and have one or more additional features listed in the bill;
- Semiautomatic shotguns that have one or more additional features listed in the bill;
- Specific firearm models identified in the bill; and
- Conversion lists and parts that can be used to assemble an assault weapon or convert a firearm into an assault weapon, if the parts are in the possession of or under the control of the same person.

It also provides that a violation of the restrictions constitutes a gross misdemeanor and is actionable under the Consumer Protection Act.

Status: The legislature passed SHB 1240 and delivered it to the Governor for signature on April 21st.

Action: Thank your Senators and urge the Governor to sign [SHB 1240](#).

Reducing the Risks of Lethality and other harm associated with gun violence, gender-based violence, and other types of violence.

HB 1562 Reducing the Risks of Lethality and other harm associated with gun violence, gender-based violence, and other types of violence.

Support

HB 1562 revises provisions governing the crime of Unlawful Possession of a Firearm and restoration of firearm rights.

The term “serious offense” is amended to include the felony offenses of Driving Under the Influence and Actual Physical Control of a Vehicle While Under the Influence. As a result, these offenses fall under the Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the first degree, and a person who is charged with either offense is prohibited from possessing a firearm pending trial, sentencing or appeal.

The conduct that is prohibited under the offense is expanded to include accessing, having custody of, or receiving any firearm.

The following misdemeanor and gross misdemeanor crimes are included as prohibiting crimes:

any domestic violence offense not currently included;

- stalking;
- Cyberstalking;
- Cyber harassment, except when based on lewd, indecent, or obscene images or language;
- Harassment;
- Aiming or Discharging a firearm;
- Unlawful Carrying or Handling of a Firearm;

- Animal Cruelty in the 2nd degree, except when based on abandonment or neglect;
- “Prior offense” under the impaired driving laws, if committed within seven years of another “prior offense” conviction; and
- violation of an order to surrender and prohibit weapons (OTSW), an extreme risk protection order (ERPO), or the provisions of a protection order or no-contact order restraining the person or excluding the person from a residence.

No-contact orders issued in sexual assault, trafficking, and promoting prostitution cases are added to the list of orders that prohibit a person from possessing firearms if they meet specified requirements.

Status: The legislature passed HB 1562 and delivered it to the Governor for signature on April 19th.

Action: Thank your legislators for supporting [HB 1562](#) and urge the Governor to [sign](#) it

Healthcare and Reproductive Rights

Death with Dignity Act

ESSB 5179 - Increasing access to the provisions of the Washington death with dignity act.

SUPPORT

WHB 1281/ESSB 5179, the “Death with Dignity Act” allows a qualified patient with a terminal illness with six months or less to live to request medication that the patient may self-administer to end his or her life. A qualified patient must meet the following requirements:

- be a competent adult and a resident of Washington;
- the attending physician and a consulting physician have determined that the patient suffers from a terminal disease and the patient has voluntarily expressed the wish to die;
- the patient has made a request for medication on a form provided in statute; and
- the form is signed and dated by the patient and at least two witnesses who attest to their belief that the patient is competent, acting voluntarily, and not being coerced to sign the request.

The first substitutes to both HB 1281 and SB 5179:

- Expand the health care providers authorized to perform the duties of the Death with Dignity Act (Act) to include advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants.
- Reduces the required 15-day waiting period between the first and second oral requests for medications to seven days and eliminates the 48-hour waiting period for the written request.
- Prohibits health care providers from contractually prohibiting an employee from participating in the Act while outside of the scope of employment and not on the employing health care provider's premises.
- Requires hospitals and hospices to submit their policies regarding access to end-of-life care and the Act to the Department of Health.

Status: ESSB 5179 has been signed by the Governor.

Action: Contact your legislators and the Governor to thank them for their work on this important legislation and Celebrate!

ESHB 1222 - Act relating to requiring coverage for hearing instruments.

Support

ESHB 1222 requires any group health plan issued or renewed after Jan 1, 2024, to include coverage for hearing instruments (except OTC hearing aids) including bone conduction apparatuses. An allowance of \$2,500 per ear every 3 years is made.

The substitute bill:

- modifies the coverage requirement by specifying that a health carrier may establish a benefit limit for the hearing instrument of no less than \$2,500 per ear with hearing loss every 36 months.
- modifies the provisions applying to qualifying health plans for health savings accounts by removing provisions related to establishing the plan's cost sharing and replacing it with a requirement to apply a deductible to the coverage required at the minimum level necessary to preserve the enrollee's ability to claim tax exempt contributions and withdrawals;
- exempts grandfathered large group health plans from the requirements of the bill; and
- makes technical and clarifying language changes, such as replacing "covered individual" with "enrollee."

Status: Passed unanimously by the Senate and now is eligible for signature by the Governor.

Action: Contact your legislators to thank them for their work on this important legislation. Contact them Governor to tell him you support [HB 1222](#) and ask him to [sign](#) this bill in to law.

E2SHB 1134 - A bill to provide guidance in implementing the 988 Behavioral Health crisis response and suicide prevention system.

SUPPORT

E2SHB 1134 amends and improves the existing crisis response and suicide prevention system. 988 is the universal telephone number within the United States to access National Suicide Prevention and Mental Health Crisis Hotline. In 2021 HB 1477 established crisis call center hubs. This bill HB 1134, guides the establishment of mobile rapid response crisis teams, directs the University of Washington to establish a crisis training and trauma program, directs the Department of Health to develop informational materials, and establishes liability protection for the entities and personnel acting within the scope of their training. It extends the dates related to the establishment, reporting, and funding of the new crisis call centers (988). The first substitute bill makes detailed changes to the original bill that specify reporting requirements, staffing requirements, agency jurisdiction, training requirements, standards for response time, and further details.

The second Substitute Bill establishes endorsement for mobile rapid response crisis teams and community-based teams that meet staffing, vehicle and training standards, as well as a performance payment program. Still directs the University of Washington to develop recommendations and the Department of Health to develop informational materials and a social media campaign.

Status: E2SHB 1134 has passed the legislature and is eligible for signature by the Governor.

Action: Contact your legislators to thank them for their work on this important legislation. Contact Governor Inslee to tell him you support E2SHB 1134 and ask him to [sign](#) it into law.

2SSB 5555 - Act Creating profession of Certified Peer Specialist

Support

2SB 5555 **addresses** the shortage of professionals to care for behavioral health needs. Peers already provide needed support, guidance, and motivation but this is primarily a volunteer activity. This bill establishes a new professional category to be included in the behavioral health workforce. It establishes a board to format training requirements and continual education expectations. It also establishes disciplinary guidelines. This would allow individuals in this position to bill for their services once certified. Formation for this coursework is scheduled for completion in 2025. Funding for this commission and training services must be approved by June 30, 2023.

The Substitute Bill to SB 5555 directs the advisory board to research the feasibility and design of a 2-phase program. It also directs the advisory board to consider strategies to eliminate financial barriers to financing. The bill requires specific funding within the Omnibus appropriation act or else is null and void.

2SSB establishes the new profession of certified peer specialist and trainee.

- Specifies training and educational pathways and requirements.
- Directs the Health Care Authority to develop the trainings, etc.
- Establishes requirements for peer specialist practicing as peer crisis responders.

Status: 2SSB 5555 has passed the legislature and is on to the Governor's desk for signature.

Action: Contact your legislators to thank them for passing this bill. Call the Governor to tell him you support [2SSB 5555](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

Improving Behavioral Health Care

2SSB 5263 - Concerning access to psilocybin services by individuals 21 years of age and older.

Support

2SSB 5263 provides for supported adult use of psilocybin under the supervision of a trained and licensed psilocybin service facilitator in order to improve the physical, mental, and social well-being of all people in this state, and to reduce the prevalence of behavioral health disorders among adults in this state. Studies conducted by nationally and internationally recognized medical institutions indicate that psilocybin has shown efficacy, tolerability, and safety in the treatment of a variety of behavioral health conditions, including but not limited to addiction, depression, anxiety disorders, and end-of-life psychological distress. 2nd SSB determines the establishment of an advisory board, an interagency workgroup, and a task force to develop a safe and regulated plan regarding the therapeutic use of psilocybin.

Status: Senate concurred to House amendments. 2SSB 5263 is now on the governor's desk for signature.
Action: Contact Governor to voice your support and ask him to [sign 2SSB 5263](#) it into law.

Reproductive Rights

SB 5768 - Protecting access to abortion medications by authorizing the department of corrections to acquire, sell, deliver, distribute, and dispense abortion medications.

SB 5768:

- Authorizes the Department of Corrections (DOC) to engage in an activity constituting the practice of pharmacy or wholesale distribution of abortion medications to any healthcare facility in Washington state.
- Requires DOC to establish and operate a program to deliver, dispense, and distribute abortion medications individually or wholesale at cost not to exceed list price.
- Requires DOC to charge a fee of \$5 per dose to offset the cost of secure storage and delivery of medication.
- Exempts DOC from obtaining a wholesaler license.

Status: SB 5768 passed the legislature on April 20 and is on its way to the governor for signature.

Action: Contact the governor to tell him that you support [SB 5768](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

ESHB 1155 - Addressing the collection, sharing, and selling of consumer health data.

SUPPORT

ESHB 1155 Establishes consumer rights of access, withdraw consent, and deletion regarding consumer health data.

- Requires regulated entities and small businesses to obtain consent in order to collect, share, or sell consumer health data.
- Specifies regulated entity and small business obligations regarding consumer health data privacy notice, access, and security requirements.
- Prohibits implementing a geofence around an entity that provides in- person health care services to collect or track data from consumers or to send advertisements related to consumer health data.
- Exempts government agencies, tribal nations, and personal information governed by certain federal or state laws.
- Makes violations enforceable under the Consumer Protection Act.

Status: The legislature passed ESHB 1155, and it was delivered to the governor on April 19 for signature.

Action: Contact the governor to tell him you support [ESHB 1155](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

ESHB 1340 - Concerning actions by health professions disciplining authorities against license applicants and license holders.

SUPPORT

ESHB 1340 establishes that neither participation in reproductive health care services or gender affirming treatment by health care providers, nor that a conviction or disciplinary action based on a health care provider's violation of another state's laws prohibiting participation in reproductive health care services or gender affirming treatment constitutes unprofessional conduct under the Uniform Disciplinary Act (UDA) and may not serve as the basis for professional discipline, with some exceptions.

Status: ESHB 1340 passed the legislature, and it was delivered to the governor for signature on April 19.

Action: Contact the Governor to tell him you support [ESHB 1340](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

SB 5242 - Prohibiting cost sharing for abortion.

Support

SB 5242 amends current legislation to require health plans that provide maternity care or services to also provide a covered person with equivalent coverage for abortion of a pregnancy. This legislation also applies to student health plans. HB 1115 also prohibits the imposition of cost sharing by a health carrier for abortion of a pregnancy.

Status: SB 5242 has passed the legislature and it was delivered to the governor on April 18.

Action: Contact our legislators to thank them for their work on this important legislation. Contact Governor Inslee to tell him you support [SB 5242](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

ESHB 1469 - Concerning access to reproductive health care services and gender-affirming treatment in Washington state.

Support

ESHB 1469:

- Defines protected health care services in Washington to include reproductive health care services and gender-affirming treatment.
- Restricts the ability for a court to issue, and law enforcement to enforce, subpoenas, warrants, criminal process, extradition, and other court orders for civil or criminal liability that is based on the provision or receipt of protected health care services.
- Restricts Washington businesses from complying with records requests or subpoenas for information related to the provision or receipt of protected health care services.
- Creates a cause of action for interference with protected health care services when certain civil or criminal actions are filed against an aggrieved party or a subpoena is issued to a person in Washington.
- Allows any protected health care services provider or employee to apply to the Secretary of State's Address Confidentiality Program.
- Authorizes the Attorney General to bring an action to enjoin any person from violating the act and to recover costs for such action.
 - The first substitute to HB 1469:
- requires a court to find that a false attestation was intentionally submitted and that the document or investigation did seek information related to protected health care services for the statutory penalty of \$10,000 per violation to apply:
 - for a foreign subpoena; or
 - when a judge in another state commands a person in Washington to testify in a criminal prosecution or grand jury investigation;
- imposes an affirmative duty on any person making a charge or complaint before a judge or magistrate with the commission of a crime in another state to disclose if the crime is related to criminal liability that relates to protected health care services;
- clarifies that an application for an ex parte order seeking the interception of any communication or conversation does not need to state whether information about protected health care services is being sought unless such information is being sought by the application;
- clarifies that state and local boards and commissions are also prohibited from cooperating with or providing information to individuals, agencies, commissions, boards, or departments of another state for the purpose of enforcing another state's law or assisting an investigation that is related to another state's law;
- requires that statutory damages for a claim for interference with protected health care services may only be recovered if the underlying action is found to be frivolous;
- allows a person in Washington that receives a subpoena from any court to move to modify or quash the subpoena if:
 - the information sought concerns protected health care services; and
 - liability in the underlying action is based on a cause of action or criminal liability that is not available under Washington law or the law of another state that is substantially similar to Washington law;
- requires the Attorney General's Office to maintain a list of any laws of another state that impose criminal liability for the provision or receipt of protected health care services and make the list available to the Washington State Patrol; and
- requires the Washington State Patrol to monitor out of state warrants and determine if a warrant is for the arrest of any person in connection with protected health care services. Any warrant that is identified as such must either be removed from the Washington Crime Information Center or clearly noted that the warrant is not enforceable in Washington.

Status: ESHB 1469 passed the legislature and was delivered to the governor for signature on April 19.

Action: Contact Governor to tell him you support [ESHB 1469](#) and ask him to sign into law.

SHB 1069 - Relating to Mental Health Counselor Compact

Support

SHB 1069 creates a multi-state compact that would provide reciprocal licensure to mental health counselors who practice in different states within the compact, increasing accessibility to of patients/clients to more service providers. All specific requirements to licensure and professional behavior would apply within the compact. Disciplinary actions could be initiated in any state and would be recognized by all states.

The first substitute bill:

- changes, for individuals with counseling degrees, the licensing requirements for the Washington-issued mental health counselor credential to reflect the requirements of the Counseling Compact (Compact)
- retains the ability of persons with degrees in related disciplines to become licensed mental health counselors; and
- clarifies that persons who do not have counseling degrees are not qualified to exercise the Compact privilege unless their academic programs meet the Compact standards.

Status: Passed the legislature and was signed by the governor.

Action: Celebrate! Contact your legislators to thank them for their work on this legislation.

SB 5036 - Concerning Telemedicine

Support

SB 5036 extends the time frame for telemedicine used in real-time by either audio alone or audio-visual technology. The bill defines reimbursement parameters and instructs insurance agencies to accept charges equal to in-person visits. It also defines the necessary relationship between provider and patient and allows a three year interval between in-person visits. The in-person visit and evaluation does not have to be with the same individual providing the telemedicine service as long it is with someone within the group.

Status: SB 5036 has passed both chambers of the legislature, has been signed by the Governor, and is LAW.

Action: Contact your legislators and the Governor to thank them for their work on this important legislation and Celebrate!

ESHB 1073 – Concerning Medical Assistants

Support

ESHB 1073 designates any fully trained, in an approved certified program, Medical Assistant to be employed as a Medical Assistant-Certified during that interim period while awaiting the full registration to be processed.

The engrossed substitute bill allows phlebotomists who have completed their training to work under supervision as required for a period of up to 180 days after filing their application; authorizes certified medical assistant to establish intravenous lines without medication under the supervision of a healthcare provider and requires that a medical assistant may administer intravenous injections only under the direct visual supervision of a healthcare practitioner; and removes limitation on registered medical assistants in preparing patients for and assisting with examination procedures and minor office surgeries that utilize more than local anesthetic, and authorizes medical assistants to prepare patients if the procedure requires minimal sedation. It also has an emergency clause and takes effect immediately.

Status: Has passed the legislature and has been signed by the governor into law.

Action: Contact your legislators and the Governor to thank them for their work on this important legislation and Celebrate!

2SHB 1452 To establish a State Medical Reserve Corp

Support

2SHB 1452 establishes a State Medical Reserve Corp within the Department of Health. This is a network of volunteers organized to supplement existing resources. The Secretary of Health is responsible for determining an emergent threat and then deploying the State Medical Reserve Corp. This includes both human and veterinary medicine.

Due to its emergency application this bill would be enacted immediately.

The first substitute bill:

- changes the name of the State Medical Reserve Corps to the State Emergency Medical Reserve Corps; and

- removes the provision that states that except as otherwise expressly provided in the chapter creating the State Medical Reserve Corps, a health practitioner is not authorized to provide services outside of the practitioner's scope of practice.

The second substitute bill has an emergency clause that takes effect immediately.

Status: Has passed the legislature and was delivered to the governor on April 18

Action: Contact your legislators and thank them for their support of [2SHB 1452](#).

Ask the Governor to [sign it](#).

2SSB 5120 – An Act relating to establishing 23 Hr Crisis Relief Centers in Washington State.

Support

2SSB 5120 provides for a crisis diversion center that replaces Crisis Stabilization Centers and/or Triage Centers. Entities previously known as “Triage Centers” will now be known as 23 Hour Crisis Relief Centers. These will offer access to behavioral health care for no more than 23 hours and 59 minutes. They are available as drop-offs for first responders and as walk-ins for individuals. Assessment by Designated Crisis Responders is available if further treatment or holding is needed. The Secretary of Health is responsible for construction and management of licensure or certification.

The first substitute bill:

- Specifies that CRCs must serve adults.
- Expands the definition of first responders.
- Establishes a deadline of January 1, 2025, for DOH to create rules.
- Modifies provisions related to the CRC's capacity to accept admissions, no refusal policy, treating wound care, and transition to aftercare.
- Requires CRCs to track declined admissions and make that data available to DOH.
- Requires CRCs to provide access to a prescriber and be able to dispense medications.
- Requires DOH to develop standards for determining medical stability before an emergency medical services drop-off at a CRC.
- Requires establishment of rules that prohibit discharges or transfers to a CRC from nursing homes, assisted living facilities, enhanced services facilities, soldier’s and veterans’ homes, and adult family homes, and hospitals without a formal relationship to the CRC.
- Requires real-time bed tracking technology to track the availability of recliner chairs in CRCs.

The second substitute:

- Shortens deadline for DOH to create rules for CRCs from January 1, 2025, to January 1, 2024.
- Allows a police officer who has reasonable cause to believe an individual has committed a crime to take the individual to a CRC.
- Amends the title to reference "crisis relief centers" rather than "23-hour crisis relief centers."

House Floor amendment severely curtails the scope of the program.

Status: 2SSB 5120 has passed the legislature and is on its way to the governor for signature.

Action: Contact Governor Inslee to let him know you support [2SSB 5120](#) and ask that he sign it into law.

2SHB 1168 Providing Prevention Services, diagnosis, treatment, and support for prenatal substance exposure.

SUPPORT

2SHB 1168 expands the scope of the existing Interagency Agreement to include prenatal exposure to substances other than alcohol. The bill directs Department of Children, Youth, and Families to partner with a knowledgeable provider to offer and advise on services and to increase 3 additional providers by June 1, 2024. Also, by June 1, 2024, the Health Care Authority must submit recommendations to the Legislature to increase access and services and supports.

The first substitute bill specifies that the bill takes effect 90 days after adjournment of the session in which the bill is passed.

The second substitute bill sets an effective date for the bill.

STATUS: 2SHB has passed the legislature and was delivered to the Governor for signature on April 18.

ACTION: Contact your legislators to thank them for supporting this important legislation. Contact Governor Inslee to tell him you support [2SHB 1168](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

Long-Term Care of Medicaid Patients and Protection of Patients in facilities regulated by DOH.

2SSB 5103 An Act for payment to acute care hospitals for difficult to discharge Medicaid patients waiting for placement to post-acute and community settings.

Support

2SSB 5103 directs the Health Care Authority and DSHS to require or provide payment to the hospital for any days of a hospital stay in which the individual does not meet requirements for acute care. The patient would need placement in a facility that supports various levels of living service needs but there are no placement openings available.

First substitute bill:

- Increases Administrative Day Rate from the average skilled nursing facility rate to \$700 per day and clarifies that the qualifying patients include patients of a Medicaid managed care organization.
- Adds that allowable medically necessary services performed for a patient awaiting discharge shall be billed by and paid to the hospital separately from the daily rate, which may include, but are not limited to hemodialysis, laboratory charges, and x- rays.
- Clarifies that pharmacy services and pharmaceuticals shall be billed and paid separately.
- Specifies that the requirements for billing and payment for inpatient care remain unchanged.
- Directs HCA to adopt rules requiring managed care organizations to establish uniform administrative and review processes for the day rate payment.
- Replaces “placement” with “discharge” and broadens discharge location to include any appropriate placement location.
 - Second substitute bill:
- Requires HCA to adopt rules for which services may be billed separately.
- Requires hospitals to use existing swing beds or skilled nursing beds prior to billing for additional services.
- Removes the \$700 payment of the daily rate.

Status: Has passed both chambers of the legislature and was delivered to Governor’s office for signature on April 19.

Action. Contact your legislators and thank them for their support [2SSB 5103](#) . Contact Governor Inslee to voice your support and ask him to [sign it](#) into law.

Civil and Equal Rights

Voting Rights

ESHB 1048 - Enhancing the Washington voting rights act.

Support.

ESHB 1048 provides that persons or organizations who file a notice of intent to challenge an election system under the Washington Voting Rights Act (WVRA) may recover costs incurred in conducting the necessary research, if the notice causes the political subdivision to adopt a remedy that is approved by the court; they grant standing to organizations to challenge election systems under the WVRA on behalf of their members; they permit counties to increase the number of county commissioners to prevent a violation of the WVRA against members of an Indian tribe, and they make several language changes to other aspects of the WVRA.

First Substitute to SB1048 expands the ability to challenge a political subdivision's voting system under the WVRA is to include tribes that are located at least in part in the political subdivision.

Organizational standing is modified such that an organization must have a voter who resides in the political subdivision on its roster of members and volunteers.

Status: SHB 1048 was signed into law by Governor Inslee on April 13, effective 1/1/2024.

Action: Call your legislators and the Governor to thank them for their work on this important legislation.

HB 1312 - Concerning jury service.

Support

HB 1312 allows person of 70 years of age or older to opt out of juror service if the persons attests that they are unable to service due to health reasons.

Status: Passed a unanimous vote on the Senate Floor and has been delivered to the Governor for signature.

Action: Contact your Legislators to thank them for passing this important legislation. Contact the Governor to tell him you support [HB 1312](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

E2SSB 5112– Secure Automatic Voter Registration

Support

E2SSB 5112 amends existing Department of Licensing (DOL) automatic voter registration to make it more efficient. Changes include:

- providing a process for applicants to opt out of registration after completing the DOL application.
- Requiring daily transmission by the DOL of voter registration information to the county auditor
- Requiring the county auditor to send an acknowledgement notice package by nonforwardable mail to the applicant.
- Provides requirements for voter registration challenges.

First Substitute Bill to SB 5112 requires that, if requested by the Secretary of State, the Department of Licensing is to transmit copies of documents used by applicants who are being automatically registered to vote to demonstrate United States citizenship, and states that applicants for standard forms of identification who provide documentation indicating status as a noncitizen will not be provided an opportunity to register to vote. DOL and SOS shall determine types of documentation which indicate status as a noncitizen.

Second Substitute to SB 5112:

- Requires that the Department of Licensing make voter registration, signing up to register, or voter registration updates automatic for enhanced driver's license and enhanced idcard applicants unless subsequently declined in writing.
- Modifies procedures and timelines related to challenges of a voter's eligibility.
- Exempts date of birth, rather than year of birth, in voter registration files from public disclosure requirements.
- Sets penalties for failure to transmit voter registration information automatically and intentional registration of ineligible persons.

Status: E2SSB 5112 passed out of the House has been delivered to the Governor's desk for his signature.

Action: Contact your legislators to thank them. Contact Governor Inslee to tell him you support [E2SSB 5112](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

Civil Rights in the Judicial System

2SSB 5128 - Concerning jury diversity.

Support

2SSB 5128 requires the Administrative Office of the Courts to collect data on juror demographics and establish a childcare assistance program workgroup for jurors. It also provides additional compensation for jurors who qualify for a means tested state-run benefits programs and permits jury service summons to be sent electronically.

The first substitute requires certain low-income jurors in municipal courts, in addition to superior and district court, be paid up to \$125 per day of jury service.

The second substitute removes additional juror pay for individuals on means-tested state-run benefit programs.

Status: Passed the legislature and is now on its way to the Governor's desk for signature.

Action: Contact your legislators to thank them. Contact Governor Inslee to tell him you support [2SSB 5128](#) and ask him to sign it into law.

2SSB 5046 Concerning Postconviction Access to Counsel

Support

2SSB 5046 amends current law to provide appointment of state-funded public defense counsel for indigent adults and juveniles to file and prosecute one, timely personal restraint petition; petition a sentencing court when the legislature creates an opportunity to do so; and challenge a conviction or sentence if a final decision of an appellate court creates an opportunity to do so.

Status: 2SSB 5046 has been delivered to the Governor for signature.

Action: Contact your legislators to thank them for supporting this bill. Contact Governor Inslee to tell him you support [2SSB 5046](#) and ask that he sign it into law.

Indian Child Welfare

SB 5683 - Concerning child-specific foster care licenses for placement of Indian children.

SUPPORT

SB 5683 addresses the long and continuing history of the assimilatory practice of removing Indian children being removed from the homes of their families and placed in the care of non-Indian families, even when Indian families have been available. This bill allows the Department of Children, Youth and Families to issue child-specific foster care licenses for an Indian child's family or extended family members who opt to become licensed for placement of a specific Indian child and that child's siblings or relatives in the custody of an Indian tribe or the tribe's child placing agency.

Status: Passed out of the House by a unanimous vote. Signed into law by Governor Inslee on April 20. Effective date 7/23/2023

Action: Contact your legislators and the Governor to thank them.

Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women/People

SHB 1177 - Creating a missing and murdered indigenous women and people cold case investigations unit.

SUPPORT

SHB 1177 creates the Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women and People Cold Case Investigations Assistance Unit, subject to appropriation, to assist federal, municipal, county, and tribal law enforcement agencies with solving cold cases involving missing and murdered indigenous women and people.

Status: Passed the Senate by unanimous vote. Signed by Governor Inslee on April 20. Effective date 7/23/2023.

Action: Contact legislators and the Governor to thank them.

Undoing the historical harm done by protective covenants in homeownership contracts.

2SHB 1474 - Creating the covenant homeownership account and program to address the history of housing discrimination due to racially restrictive real estate covenants in Washington state.

SUPPORT

2SHB 1474:

- Creates the Covenant Homeownership Account and a document recording assessment of \$100 to fund the Covenant Homeownership Program (CHP).
- Requires the Department of Commerce to contract with the Washington State Housing Finance Commission to create one or more special purpose credit programs to provide down payment and closing cost assistance to one or more economically disadvantaged classes of persons identified in a CHP study.

The first substitute the bill:

- requires the DFI, instead of Commerce, to establish and provide administrative assistance and staff support to the Committee, and requires the DFI, instead of the Governor, to appoint the non-legislative members of the Committee;
- modifies the list of Committee members to remove the requirement that one of the members be a person designated by the Washington State Office of Equity;
- authorizes the Legislature to appropriate moneys from the CHA to the DFI for costs related to the Committee;
- clarifies in the intent section that the interest the state has in remedying past and ongoing discrimination and its impacts on access to credit and homeownership for BIPOC and other historically marginalized communities in Washington is a compelling interest;
- provides, in addition to the standard severability clause, that if the CHP is held invalid, in whole or in part, the Legislature may appropriate moneys in the CHA to Commerce to contract

with the Commission for one or more other programs that support homeownership for first-time homebuyers.

The second substitute bill:

- exempts name change orders from the \$100 Covenant Homeownership Program (CHP) document recording assessment.
- The definition of a "first-time home buyer" is changed to align with the definition used for the Housing Trust Fund Program in the 2021- 23 Capital Budget. Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during applications for loans or program services under the CHP are exempted from the Public Records Act.
- Makes several changes to the CHP oversight committee (Committee), including that it:
 - requires the Committee to create a charter, hold at least quarterly meetings, hold the initial meeting and select a chair by October 1, 2023, and authorizes virtual meetings;
 - requires the Department of Commerce (Commerce) and the Commission to supply the Committee and the DFI with necessary information, subject to certain confidentiality provisions, and to report to the Committee on a quarterly basis on the results of CHP outreach, education, and assistance;
 - authorizes the DFI to have staff present at Committee meetings, employ staff, and hire outside experts and professionals as needed;
 - requires the DFI to provide subject matter expertise and work with Commerce and the Commission to conduct outreach and financial education; and
 - requires Commerce to reimburse the DFI for costs related to the Committee and adds that reimbursement as an eligible use of the 1 percent of moneys that may be appropriated to Commerce for various purposes from the Covenant Homeownership Account, rather than authorizing appropriations directly to the DFI.

Status: Passed the legislature and has been delivered to the Governor's desk for signature.

Action: Contact your legislators to thank them. Contact Governor Inslee to tell them you support [2SHB 1474](#) and ask him to sign this bill into law.

Education

Special Education

ESHB 1436 - Funding special education.

Support.

The state allocates funding for a program of special education for students with disabilities using an excess cost formula, which multiplies a school district's base allocation by an excess cost multiplier. Currently, the number of special education students that the state funds is 13.5 percent of the student body. And in some districts 15 to 18 percent of the total student body has disabilities. ESHB 1436 increases the cost multipliers for kindergarten through age 21 (K-21) over four school years to 1.059 for students who spend at least 80 percent of the school day in a general education setting, and 1.043 for those who spend less than 80 percent by the 2026-27 school year. In addition, it increases the enrollment limit for special education funding over several years until the 2027-28 school year, when the limit is removed, and it reduces the threshold for high-need individuals to access the special net from 2.3 to 2.2 times the average per-pupil expenditure. And beginning July 2025 requires up to 50 percent of a special education student's base education allocation to be used for special education if district special education expenditures exceeded revenues in the previous year.

Status: ESHB 1436 has passed both chambers and is on its way to the governor for signature.

Action: Contact Governor Inslee to let him know that you support [ESHB 1436](#) WA and ask him to sign it into law.

Sex Trafficking Education

ESSB 5355 - Mandating instruction on sex trafficking prevention and identification for students in grades seven through 12.

Support.

SB 5355 requires school districts to provide instruction on sex trafficking prevention and identification at least once between grades 7 and 12 beginning no later than the 2025-26 school year. WA state is the sixth largest epicenter of sex trafficking in the US, and more than 45 percent of all sex trafficking victims are

minors who are in school. We can provide this education as part of existing courses and ensure that students are educated in a non-judgmental safe space for our students.

Status: ESSB 5355 has passed the legislature and has been delivered to the governor for signature.

Action: Contact Governor Inslee to let him know that you support [ESSB 5355](#) and ask that he sign it into law.

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Hint: You can view bills by going to the following website and plug in the bill number for which you want to view the history and status: <http://dlr.leg.wa.gov/billsummary/>

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